Program Logic – Black Cockatoo Forest Project – Transition Town Vincent (TTV)

Problem / opportunity statement	**Long-term outcomes (3-5 yrs)**	**Medium -term outcomes (1.5-3 yrs)**	**Short-term outcomes (0-1.5 yr)**	**Inputs**	**Outputs: Activities**	**Outputs: Participation**
Removal of trees, native vegetation and regenerative processes lead to decline in soil health, habitat and tree canopy and increase in urban heat. Loss in connection of people to Country and to each other. Decline in community health and wellbeing. Using a circular, regenerative and community driven approach to urban forest restoration, residents can make their yards, streets and neighbourhoods cooler, healthier, more liveable and climate resilient.	Changes in attitudes and understanding related to the benefits of using regenerative approaches to restoring nature. Increases in urban carbon sequestration and urban heat mitigation. Improved plant health and associated green cover and tree canopy cover. Improvements in soil health and water use efficiency. All organics produced within the Council area are retained or / and reused in local soils. Increased capacity to regenerate plants and soil locally. Local community involved and driving action.	A scalable neighbourhood urban forest model (hub) developed and communicated to groups and residents. Pocket forest plans developed and implemented for residential spaces. Council supporting neighbourhood groups and residents to make pocket forests. Urban planners, designers and developers incorporating pocket forests in development. A coordinated approach being undertaken by community groups.	Increased awareness and understanding by residents and decision makers of the role of pocket forests in mitigating urban heat and climate change. Development of local knowledge and skills for building community and making pocket forests. An understanding of attitudes and needs for residents for participating in local groups and making pocket forests. Community urban forest hub sites identified.	Green waste resources. Organic and regenerative soil conditioners and fertilisers: - Mulch - Compost (FOGO) - Charcoal (biochar) - Liquid nutrients e.g. compost tea - Soil organisms Research and evidence. Survey information. Local knowledge, skills and labour (e.g. rover group). Partner organisations. Community forest hubs(s) and soil making tools. Land / space /water / organics / sand / plants	Surveys. Information sheets. Guidelines. Workshops / demonstrations / displays. Community nature hubs established (Trial / demonstration sites) e.g. food forest /Black Cockatoo pocket forests/ community gardens / soil hubs Soil improvement plans for private: - Yards - Courtyards Education, communication and extension plan Evaluation incl. Cost Benefit Analysis CBA Website / portal Meetings with Council	Project steering / working group(s). TTV members in the initial pilot (max 10 - 20 gardens/verges) Researchers. Workshop attendees. Local government. Council. Residents. Property developers. Mobile/ roving taskforce / work crew. Community gardens / Town Teams / Friends of Groups / Rotary.

V2 October 2026

For Comment

Contact: Ian Kininmonth, Transition Town Vincent (TTV) M: 0401 521 895 E: ian.kininmonth@ttv.org.au W: https://transitionaustralia.net/projects/black-cockatoo-pocket-forest/